아이엘츠 라이팅 테스크 1 (아카데믹)에서 표나 그래프에 나온 데이터들을 어떻게 표현해야할지 어려울 수 있습니다. 여러분 어휘 점수를 높이기 위해서 백분율을 파라프레이징하거나 근사치같은 표현을 사용할 수 있습니다.

능숙하게 사용하기까지는 연습이 좀 필요하지만 정확하게 사용할 수 있게 되면 밴드 7 이상 받는데 도움이 될 것입니다. 수학이나 통계에 대해서 알아야하는 것이 아니기 때문에 너무 걱정하실 필요없습니다.

두가지 방법, '퍼센트 파라프레이징'과 '근사치나 비율을 사용'하는 법을 배워보겠습니다. 충분히 연습해서 읽는 사람이 헷갈리지 않도록 해야합니다.

## Paraphrasing percentages:

- Four fifths - $80 \%$
- Three quarters - $75 \%$
- Seven out of ten $-70 \%$
- Just over half - $53 \%$
- Two fifths - $40 \%$
- Just over a third - 35\%
- Just under a third - $30 \%$
- One quarter -25\%
- a fifth $-20 \%$
- Less than a fifth $-15 \%$
- One in ten - $10 \%$ (this is used for people or objects)
- From two fifths to less than a fifth - From $40 \%$ to $15 \%$ (for trends graphs)
- Halved (verb) - dropped by half


## Example sentences:

- Around fourth fifths of university students stated that the library was the best place for their research.
- Coal accounted for one-quarter of fossil fuels used as an energy source.
- One in ten people reported that they went to fast food restaurants at least once a month.
- According to the graph, car production in France halved between 1999 and 2004.
- Just under a third of visitors stated that they were happy with the renovations in the museum.
- Exports of semiconductors dropped from two fifths to less than a fifth in a period of three years.


## Approximation and proportion

- Just over a fifth - around $22 \%$
- Just under a fifth - around $18 \%$
- Slightly less than a quarter $-23 \%$
- More than two fifths - around $42 \%$
- Approximately half $-48 \%$
- Around a fifth - 19\%
- A large number of - around $70 \%$
- A large proportion of - around $70 \%$
- A significant proportion of - around $80 \%$
- A small minority of - around 5 to $10 \%$
- A small number / amount of -5 to $10 \%$
- An insignificant amount of - around $2 \%$


## Example sentences (taken from various task 1 reports):

- Approximately half of all vehicles produced in Japan were exported.
- A large proportion of the population of Italy is under 65 years old.
- This figure increased but then dropped to slightly less than a quarter in 2011.
- The graph shows an insignificant amount of software was downloaded in the last part of 2002.
- It can be seen from the table that around a fifth of all passengers used buses in the period between 2012 and 2016.
- The pie chart shows that a large number of tourists visited Kyoto in the first part of 2015


## 연습문제 1

1. According to the chart, three-quarters of imports came from China in 2014. (75\%)
2. Tourists accounted for $\qquad$ of total visitors to the Tate gallery in 2016 (80\%)
3. Production of TVs $\qquad$ in the period between 2012 and 2014. (dropped by 50\%)
4. Mobile calls showed a gradual rise of $\qquad$ from 2000 to 2001. (23\%)
5. $\qquad$ the population in Japan is expected to be over 60 years old in 2029. (around 70\%)

## 연습문제 2

Below are 2 pie charts with percentages, Paraphrase the sentences using fractions or the language of proportion.


Reasons for driving to work


- Comfort
- Distance to work
- Faster than cycling
- Need to carry things to work
- Safer than cycling

아래 문장의 퍼센트를 파라프레이징해보세요.

1. $\mathbf{4 0 \%}$ of people stated that comfort was a factor in driving to work.
2. The proportion of people stating that they cycled to work to reduce pollution stood at $\mathbf{3 0 \%}$.
3. $11 \%$ of people said that driving to work was safer than cycling.
4. $15 \%$ of people stated that they cycled to work because they did not have to worry about parking.
5. $14 \%$ of those polled stated that the main factor for driving to work was to transport items.

## 답- 연습문제 1

1. According to the chart, three-quarters of imports came from China in 2014. (75\%)
2. Tourists accounted for four-fifths of total visitors to the Tate gallery in 2016. (80\%)
3. Production of TVs halved in the period between 2012 and 2014. (dropped by 50\%)
4. Mobile calls showed a gradual rise of slightly less than a quarter from 2000 to 2001. (23\%)
5. A large proportion of the population in Japan is expected to be over 60 years old in 2029. (around 70\%)

## 답- 연습문제 2

1. Two-fifths of the people polled stated that comfort was a factor in driving to work.
2. The proportion of people stating that they cycled to work to reduce pollution stood at just under a third.
3. Slightly more than one in ten people said that driving to work was safer than cycling.
4. Less than a fifth of people stated that they cycled to work because they did not have to worry about parking.
5. $14 \%$ of those polled stated that the main factor for driving to work was to transport items. (no need to change this one)

끝.

